

September 5, 2021

**The folly of improvising yourself as a lawyer
to appear in court pro se
lets abusers take advantage of their power and superior knowledge to
*wipe you out!***

Your failure to read
lets your ignorance and laziness make you
a whiner of your own doing:
what you got...*you had it coming!*

**Securing legal assistance is not cheap,
but if the assistance is honest,
it includes tough love as a bonus of great value.**

Dear Advocates of Honest Judiciaries,

Thank you for your reply.

A. What work you already did as pro se; what work you are requesting from me

1. You wrote in your reply, "Can't wait to work together".
2. What kind of work are you requesting me to do for you?
3. Did you actually read my email to you and the accompanying article below all the way down where I stated the following?:

If you do not read the article though written for your benefit by a lawyer, how are you in a position to criticize judges for not reading your briefs and applications, though written by pro ses only to make things harder for the judges by requiring that they learn the facts of your cases and apply the law to them while respecting its due process and equal protection requirements?

4. Is it possible that you never read the papers submitted to you and the court, or the rulings and decisions of the judges so that you are not in a position to allege that they violated the law or any agreement with you?

B. Researching the law to know your rights and duties and determine whether you were abused

5. As for the law, did you read the applicable law? To identify the applicable law and learn how it has been interpreted and applied by the courts, did you engage in law research in the following representative sources? (Cf. [Appendix 6§C](#), which is frequently updated; hence, numbers of headings and paragraphs are approximate.) (Cf. [Appendix 6§C](#))

1. Treatises

125. Start your law research here to gain an overview of the subject:

<https://store.legal.thomsonreuters.com/law-products/Legal-Encyclopedias/American-Jurisprudence-2d/p/100027544>, covering state and federal, civil and criminal, substantive and procedural law

2. Law reviews and journals

130. Gain a narrower and more specialized understanding of particular topics; <https://store.legal.thomsonreuters.com/law-products/Law-Reviews-and-Journals/Law-Reviews--Journals-Westlaw-PROtrade/p/104937407>

3. U.S. Constitution

131. **U.S. Constitution**, Preamble: “*We the People* of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice”; http://judicial-discipline-reform.org/docs/US_Constitution.pdf
132. **U.S. Constitution**, Article III, The Judicial Power. http://Judicial-Discipline-Reform.org/docs/US_Constitution.pdf

4. U.S. Code (compilation of all federal, as opposed to state, laws)

133. <https://uscode.house.gov/download/download.shtml>
134. E.g., US Code, Title 11 (11 USC), **Bankruptcy Code**; *id.*
135. E.g., US Code, Title 18 (18 USC), **Criminal Code**, containing all federal criminal laws; *id.*

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5. The law organizing the Federal Judiciary

139. U.S. Code, Title 28 (28 USC), The **Judicial Code**; <https://uscode.house.gov/download/download.shtml>; <http://Judicial-Discipline-Reform.org/docs/28usc.pdf>

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6. Federal rules of procedure applicable in all federal courts

141. U.S. Code, Title 11, Appendix (USC 11a) containing the Federal Rules of **Bankruptcy Procedure**; <https://uscode.house.gov/download/download.shtml>
142. U.S. Code, Title 18, Appendix (USC 18a) containing the Federal Rules of **Criminal Procedure**; *id.*
143. U.S. Code, Title 28, Appendix (USC 28a) containing the Federal Rules of **Civil and Appellate Procedure and Evidence**; *id.*
144. Cf., <https://store.legal.thomsonreuters.com/law-products/Statutes/Federal-Civil-Judicial-Procedure-and-Rules-2021-revised-ed/p/106721176?trkcode=recsrpl&trktype=internal&FindMethod=recs>

7. Rules of procedure specific to each federal court

145. E.g. Local rules and internal operating procedure of the U.S. Court of Appeals for the 2nd Circuit; https://www.ca2.uscourts.gov/clerk/case_filing/rules/rules_home.html

8. Code of Federal Regulations

153. Regulations adopted by the federal administrative agencies that implement and enforce the applicable law; <https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/cfr/>

9. Bills pending (in committees and on the floor of the U.S. Senate and House of Representatives)

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11. U.S. Supreme Court cases, rules of procedure, and case statistics

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12. Cases in the lower federal courts

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13. Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (provides only administrative services to the federal courts. e.g., the collection of federal courts statistics)

173. **Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts (AO)**; <https://www.uscourts.gov/>

174. Annual Report of the Director of the Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts, filed with Congress as a public document; the Director is appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; <https://www.uscourts.gov/statistics-reports/analysis-reports/directors-annual-report>

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17. Sources of state legal authority

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a. State constitution and laws

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b. Uniform laws (among the states)

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c. Restatement of laws

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d. Treatises and law reviews and journals

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e. Rules of procedure applicable in all the courts of the state

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f. Rules of the specific court where a brief is being filed

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g. Rules of the state chief administrative judge

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h. Regulations of the state administrative departments and agencies

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i. State cases

j. Cases from the Federal Judiciary and from other states

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6. It should be apparent that if you have proceeded pro se and have not read the law, opposing counsel briefs, and court writings, your case may not only need intensive legal care to repair the damage caused by gross mistakes of ignorance...it may already need an autopsy and a resurrection.

C. The standard of reasonableness and what I request from you

7. Researching the appropriate legal authorities is the kind of professional, demanding, and time-

consuming work that justifies my fees.

8. To expect that I be available for free consultation –never mind writing briefs– on your behalf is not reasonable.
9. People stand in court in a weak position if their dealings with the opposing parties and the judges have been rendered defective and liable to be used against them by their failure to meet the standard that the law, in general, and the law of torts, in particular, expect of every party, juror, and witness, namely, ‘a reasonable man and woman applying common sense’.
10. Often, pro ses realize only too late that it was a folly to pretend that they could improvise themselves as lawyers...without even researching the law!, let alone applying it to their dealings and their written and oral presentations of their case.
11. Hence the justification for my attorney’s fee. It is \$350 per hour plus all necessary and incidental expenses, including, but not limited to, access to specialized databases, books, transportation, room and board, communication, etc. A minimum retainer of \$7,500 –which may fluctuate upwards depending on the work requested- is paid in advance, from which my attorney’s fee and expenses are deducted.
12. A flat fee arrangement is available upon agreeing on a specific piece of work.

D. Facts and evidence do not win cases alone: you need to apply the law to them

13. As you do your legal research, you have to “think like a lawyer”. So thinking is not acquired by merely reading an article. It is borne through training and practice during years in law school. It allows you to analyze your case in legal terms and “craft legal arguments”. A model for doing so is expressed thus: Facts, Issues, Law, Application, Rationale, Decision. To reach a decision, you must ‘show the math’, i.e., the operations to get the result. It is intellectually demanding, methodical, and time-consuming work. It makes the difference between a lawyer and a pro se.

E. Every meaningful cause needs resources for its advancement; none can be continued, let alone advanced, without money

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Judicial Discipline Reform

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Dare trigger history!...and you may enter it.